CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1772

Chapter 170, Laws of 2019

66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

MOTORIZED FOOT SCOOTERS

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 28, 2019

Passed by the House April 18, 2019 CERTIFICATE Yeas 80 Nays 14 I, Bernard Dean, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the FRANK CHOPP State of Washington, do hereby Speaker of the House of Representatives certify that the attached is ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1772 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on Passed by the Senate April 12, 2019 the dates hereon set forth. Yeas 35 Nays 7 BERNARD DEAN CYRUS HABIB Chief Clerk President of the Senate Approved April 29, 2019 2:19 PM FILED April 30, 2019

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State

State of Washington

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1772

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2019 Regular Session

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By House Transportation (originally sponsored by Representatives Macri, Chambers, Fitzgibbon, Irwin, and Shewmake)

READ FIRST TIME 03/01/19.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to motorized foot scooters; amending RCW
- 2 46.04.336, 46.04.670, 46.61.710, and 46.20.500; and adding a new
- 3 section to chapter 46.61 RCW.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.04.336 and 2009 c 275 s 3 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
- 7 "Motorized foot scooter" means a device with ((no more than)) two ((ten-inch or smaller diameter)) or three wheels that has handlebars,
- 9 ((is designed to)) a floorboard that can be stood upon ((by the
- 10 operator)) while riding, and is powered by an internal combustion
- 11 engine or electric motor that ((is capable of propelling the device
- 12 with or without human propulsion at a speed no more)) has a maximum
- 13 <u>speed of no greater</u> than twenty miles per hour on level ground.
- 14 For purposes of this section, a motor-driven cycle, a moped, an
- 15 electric-assisted bicycle, or a motorcycle is not a motorized foot
- 16 scooter.
- 17 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.04.670 and 2011 c 171 s 19 are each amended to
- 18 read as follows:
- 19 "Vehicle" includes every device capable of being moved upon a
- 20 public highway and in, upon, or by which any persons or property is

or may be transported or drawn upon a public highway, including 1 bicycles. "Vehicle" does not include power wheelchairs or devices 2 other than bicycles moved by human or animal power or used 3 exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks. Mopeds 4 are considered vehicles or motor vehicles for the purposes of chapter 5 6 46.70 RCW. Bicycles and motorized foot scooters are not considered vehicles for the purposes of chapter 46.12, 46.16A, or 46.70 RCW or 7 RCW 82.12.045. Electric personal assistive mobility devices and 8 motorized foot scooters are not considered vehicles or motor vehicles 9 for the purposes of chapter 46.12, 46.16A, 46.29, 46.37, or 46.70 10 RCW. A golf cart is not considered a vehicle, except for the purposes 11 12 of chapter 46.61 RCW.

13 **Sec. 3.** RCW 46.61.710 and 2018 c 60 s 5 are each amended to read 14 as follows:

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- (1) No person shall operate a moped upon the highways of this state unless the moped has been assigned a moped registration number and displays a moped permit in accordance with RCW 46.16A.405(2).
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a moped may not be operated on a bicycle path or trail, bikeway, equestrian trail, or hiking or recreational trail.
- (3) Operation of a moped, electric personal assistive mobility device, or motorized foot scooter on a fully controlled limited access highway is unlawful. Operation of a moped on a sidewalk is unlawful. Operation of a motorized foot scooter or class 3 electric-assisted bicycle on a sidewalk is unlawful, unless there is no alternative for a motorized foot scooter or a class 3 electric-assisted bicycle to travel over a sidewalk as part of a bicycle or pedestrian path, or if authorized by local ordinance, as provided in section 5 of this act.
- 30 (4) Removal of any muffling device or pollution control device 31 from a moped is unlawful.
- 32 (5) Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of this section do not apply to electric-assisted bicycles.
 - (6) Electric-assisted bicycles and motorized foot scooters may have access to highways of the state <u>and may be parked</u> to the same extent as bicycles, subject to RCW 46.61.160.
 - (7) Subject to subsection (10) of this section, class 1 and class 2 electric-assisted bicycles and motorized foot scooters may be operated on a shared-use path or any part of a highway designated for

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the use of bicycles, but local jurisdictions or state agencies may restrict or otherwise limit the access of electric-assisted bicycles and motorized foot scooters, and local jurisdictions or state agencies may regulate the use of class 1 and class 2 electric-assisted bicycles and motorized foot scooters on facilities ((and)), properties, and rights-of-way under their jurisdiction and control. Local regulation of the operation of class 1 or class 2 electric-assisted bicycles, upon a shared use path designated for the use of bicycles that crosses jurisdictional boundaries of two or more local jurisdictions, must be consistent for the entire shared use path in order for the local regulation to be enforceable; however, this does not apply to local regulations of a shared use path in effect as of January 1, 2018.

- (8) Class 3 electric-assisted bicycles may be operated on facilities that are within or adjacent to a highway. Class 3 electric-assisted bicycles may not be operated on a shared-use path, except where local jurisdictions may allow the use of class 3 electric-assisted bicycles. State agencies or local jurisdictions may regulate the use of class 3 electric-assisted bicycles on facilities and properties under their jurisdiction and control. Local regulation of the operation of class 3 electric-assisted bicycles, upon a shared use path designated for the use of bicycles that crosses jurisdictional boundaries of two or more local jurisdictions, must be consistent for the entire shared use path in order for the local regulation to be enforceable; however, this does not apply to local regulations of a shared use path in effect as of January 1, 2018.
- (9) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an individual shall not operate an electric-assisted bicycle or motorized foot scooter on a trail that is specifically designated as nonmotorized and that has a natural surface tread that is made by clearing and grading the native soil with no added surfacing materials. A local authority or agency of this state having jurisdiction over a trail described in this subsection may allow the operation of an electric-assisted bicycle or motorized foot scooter on that trail.
- (10) Subsections (1) and (4) of this section do not apply to motorized foot scooters. Subsection (2) of this section applies to motorized foot scooters when the bicycle path, trail, bikeway, equestrian trail, or hiking or recreational trail was built or is maintained with federal highway transportation funds. Additionally, any new trail or bicycle path or readily identifiable existing trail

or bicycle path not built or maintained with federal highway transportation funds may be used by persons operating motorized foot scooters only when ((appropriately)) signed to allow motorized foot scooter use.

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- (11) A person operating an electric personal assistive mobility device (EPAMD) shall obey all speed limits and shall yield the right-of-way to pedestrians and human-powered devices at all times. An operator must also give an audible signal before overtaking and passing a pedestrian. Except for the limitations of this subsection, persons operating an EPAMD have all the rights and duties of a pedestrian.
- 12 (12) The use of an EPAMD may be regulated in the following 13 circumstances:
 - (a) A municipality and the department of transportation may prohibit the operation of an EPAMD on public highways within their respective jurisdictions where the speed limit is greater than twenty-five miles per hour;
 - (b) A municipality may restrict the speed of an EPAMD in locations with congested pedestrian or nonmotorized traffic and where there is significant speed differential between pedestrians or nonmotorized traffic and EPAMD operators. The areas in this subsection must be designated by the city engineer or designee of the municipality. Municipalities shall not restrict the speed of an EPAMD in the entire community or in areas in which there is infrequent pedestrian traffic;
- (c) A state agency or local government may regulate the operation of an EPAMD within the boundaries of any area used for recreation, open space, habitat, trails, or conservation purposes.
- 29 **Sec. 4.** RCW 46.20.500 and 2018 c 60 s 4 are each amended to read 30 as follows:
- 31 (1) No person may drive either a two-wheeled or a three-wheeled 32 motorcycle, or a motor-driven cycle unless such person has a valid 33 driver's license specially endorsed by the director to enable the 34 holder to drive such vehicles.
 - (2) However, a person sixteen years of age or older, holding a valid driver's license of any class issued by the state of the person's residence, may operate a moped without taking any special examination for the operation of a moped.

(3) No driver's license is required for operation of an electric-assisted bicycle. Persons under sixteen years of age may not operate a class 3 electric-assisted bicycle.

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- (4) No driver's license is required to operate an electric personal assistive mobility device or a power wheelchair.
- (5) No driver's license is required to operate a motorized foot scooter. Motorized foot scooters may not be operated at any time from a half hour after sunset to a half hour before sunrise without reflectors of a type approved by the state patrol. Persons under sixteen years of age may not operate a motorized foot scooter unless provided otherwise by a local jurisdiction. A motorized foot scooter may be operated at a speed of up to fifteen miles per hour on a roadway or bicycle lane, and may be operated on a sidewalk or on pedestrian or bicycle trails if authorized by a local jurisdiction, which shall specify the maximum speed of such sidewalk operation.
- 16 (6) A person holding a valid driver's license may operate a 17 motorcycle as defined under RCW 46.04.330(2) without a motorcycle 18 endorsement.
- (7) A person operating a motorcycle with a stabilizing conversion kit must have a valid driver's license specially endorsed by the director for a three-wheeled motorcycle to enable the holder to operate such a motorcycle.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) A local authority may regulate the operation of motorized foot scooters and shared scooters within its jurisdiction which may include, but is not limited to, the following:
- 28 (a) Determining if shared scooters may be operated within the 29 local authority's jurisdiction, and if allowed, where they may be 30 operated;
- 31 (b) Requiring scooter share programs to pay reasonable fees and 32 taxes;
 - (c) Requiring that shared scooters be staged in a manner compliant with the Americans with disabilities act, to ensure clear passage of pedestrian traffic on sidewalks; and
- 36 (d) Adopting and assessing penalties for moving or parking 37 violations involving shared scooters to the person responsible for 38 such violation.

- 1 (2) A contract offered by a scooter share program to a 2 prospective scooter share contractor must make the following written 3 disclosures to a prospective scooter share contractor:
 - WHILE YOU ARE LOCATING AND RETURNING SCOOTERS, PROVIDING TRANSPORT, BATTERY CHARGE, OR REPAIR SERVICES, YOU MAY BE ENGAGED IN COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY. YOUR PRIVATE PASSENGER AUTOMOBILE, HOMEOWNERS, CONDOMINIUM, OR RENTERS INSURANCE POLICIES MIGHT NOT PROVIDE COVERAGE FOR YOU, DEPENDING ON THE TERMS OF YOUR POLICY.
 - (3) For the purposes of this section:

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- 10 (a) "Scooter share program" means a person offering shared 11 scooters for hire. All scooter share programs must carry the 12 following insurance coverage:
 - (i) Commercial general liability insurance coverage with a limit of at least one million dollars for each occurrence and five million dollars aggregate;
- 16 (ii) Automobile liability insurance coverage with a combined 17 single limit of at least one million dollars; and
 - (iii) If a local authority authorizes operation of a motorized foot scooter by persons under sixteen years of age, the local authority may require all scooter share programs offering shared scooters for hire to such persons under sixteen years of age to carry insurance coverage at greater amounts negotiated between the programs and the local authority.
 - (b) "Scooter share contractor" means a person other than an employee of a scooter share program retained under an independent contract to provide scooter location or transport and/or scooter battery charging or repair services to a scooter share program.
 - (c) "Shared scooter" means any motorized foot scooter offered for hire. All shared scooters must bear a single unique alphanumeric identification visible from a distance of five feet, which shall not be obfuscated by branding or other markings, which shall be used throughout the state, including by local authorities, to identify the shared scooter.

Passed by the House April 18, 2019. Passed by the Senate April 12, 2019. Approved by the Governor April 29, 2019. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 30, 2019.